



A Concurrent Cloud-based BIM Design Paradigm for Interdisciplinary Design Collaboration

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CBIM - European Training Network

Cloud-based Building Information Modelling

Progress

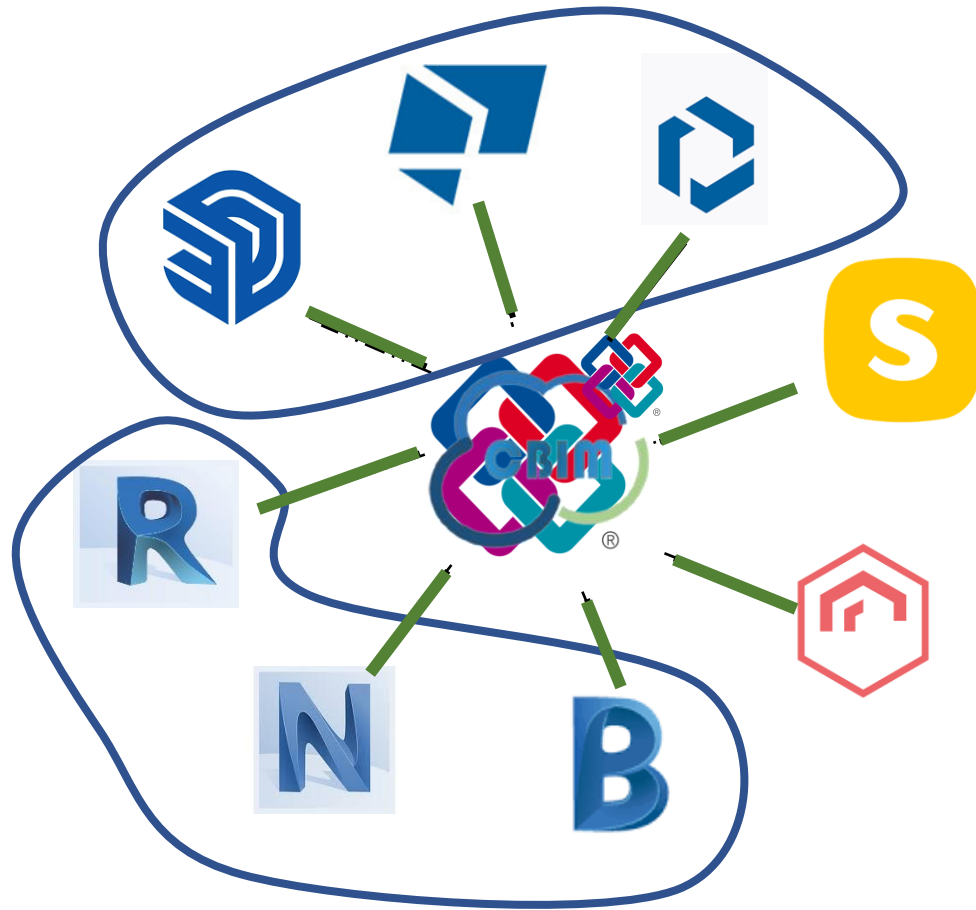


Fig 1. Knowledge Gaps and Opportunities

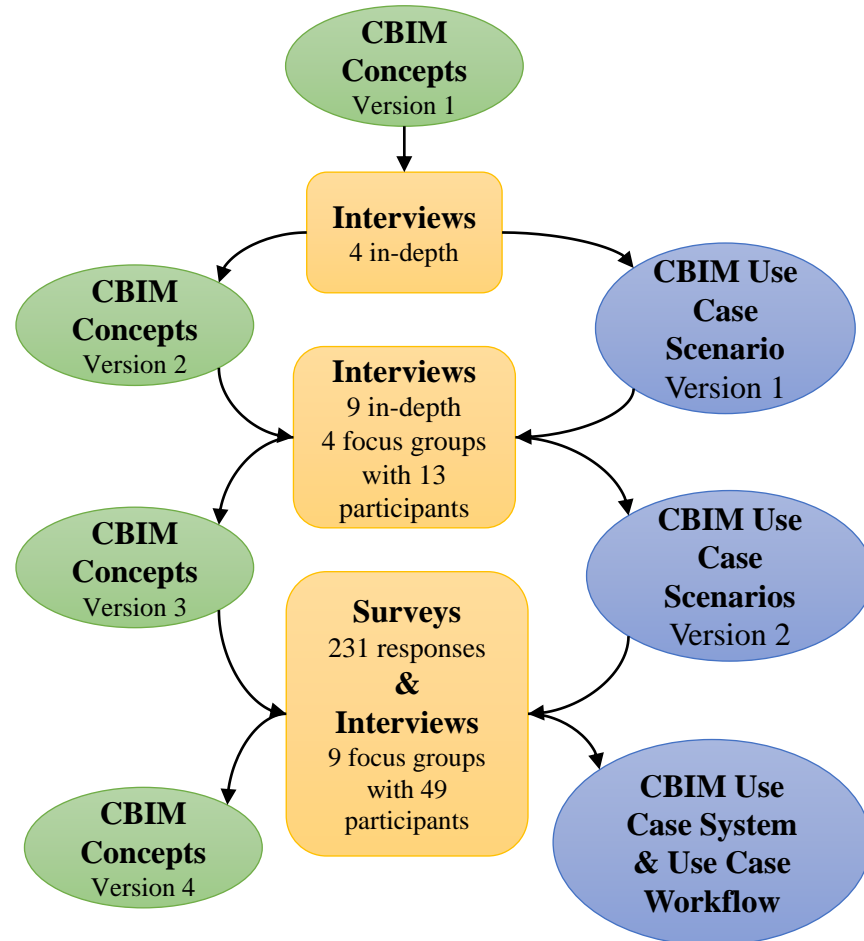
Problem Identification

Current design collaborative pattern, which is fragmented and disjoint, no longer satisfies the increasing industrial demand in terms of time, cost and quality.

Knowledge Gaps

- There is information lost or distorted among different formats
- There is not a standard digital and automated workflow
- The cognitive capability among different BIM formats is not enough for intelligent assistance across platforms

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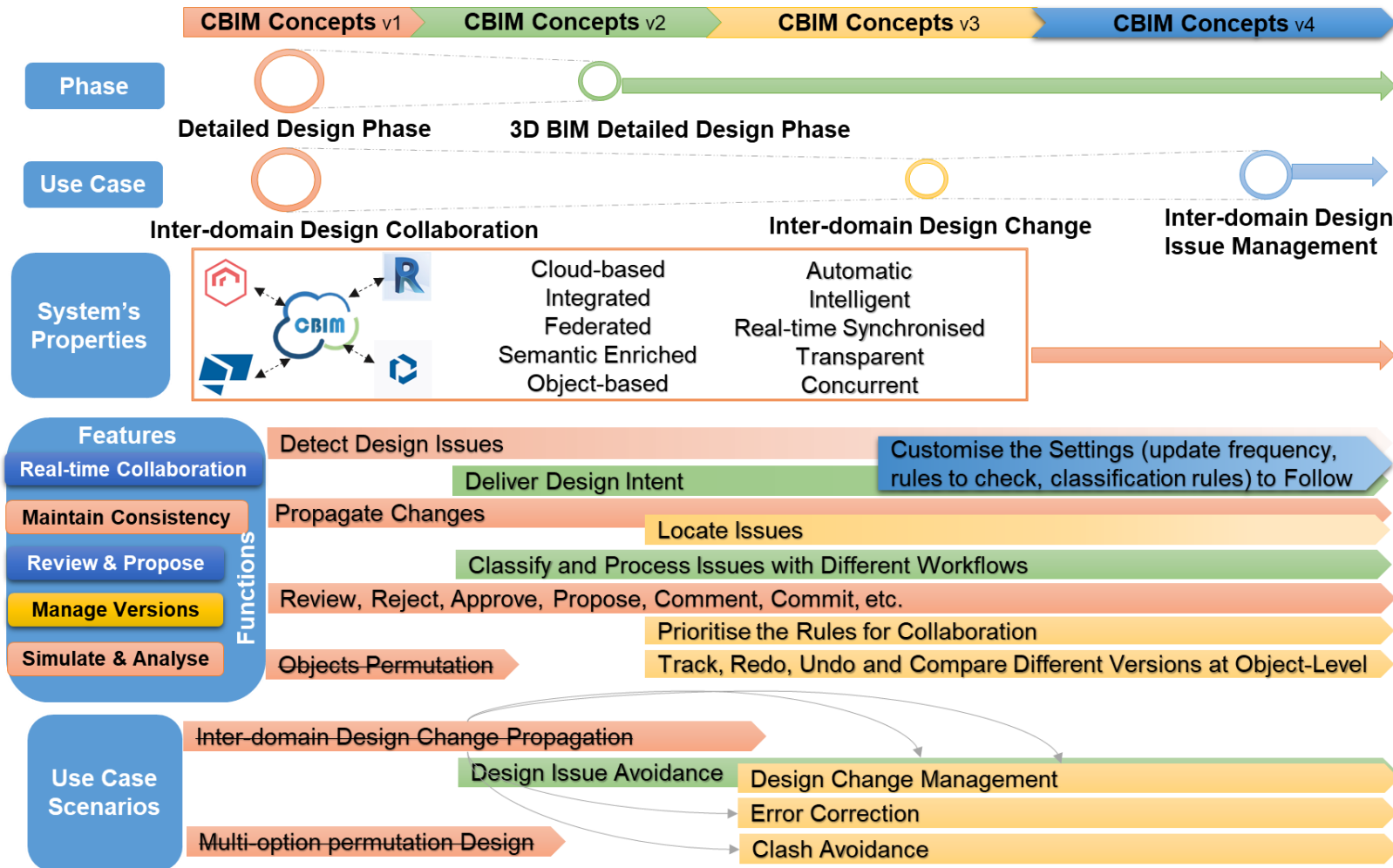
Research Goal & Objectives

To explore if and how the future Cloud-based BIM paradigm might drive better collaboration for interdisciplinary design issues in the detailed design phase, this study adopted design science methodology with iteration on interviews and artefact design to fulfill the two objectives.

- To depict a future CBIM paradigm for inter-domain design collaboration
- To elicit the feedback from designers

Fig 2. Research Flow Diagram

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Key Findings:

In one word, users not only require more transparency, real-time synchronisation, intelligent assistance, and easier interaction directly through models, but also require the freedom and flexibility to create design, customise settings, and prioritise the tasks, and protect ownership.

Fig 3. Evolution of CBIM Concepts

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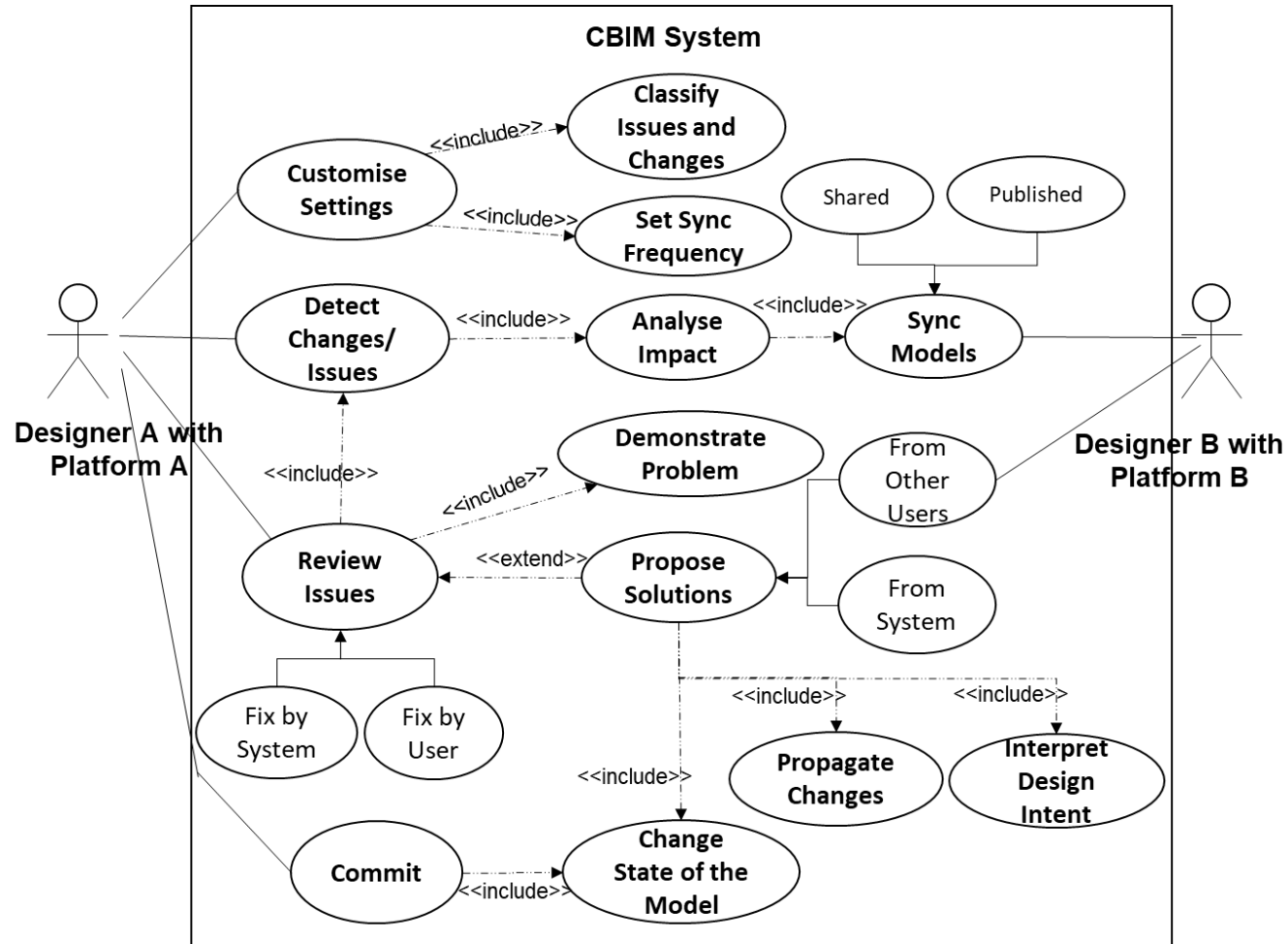


Fig 4. CBIM System UML Use Case Diagram

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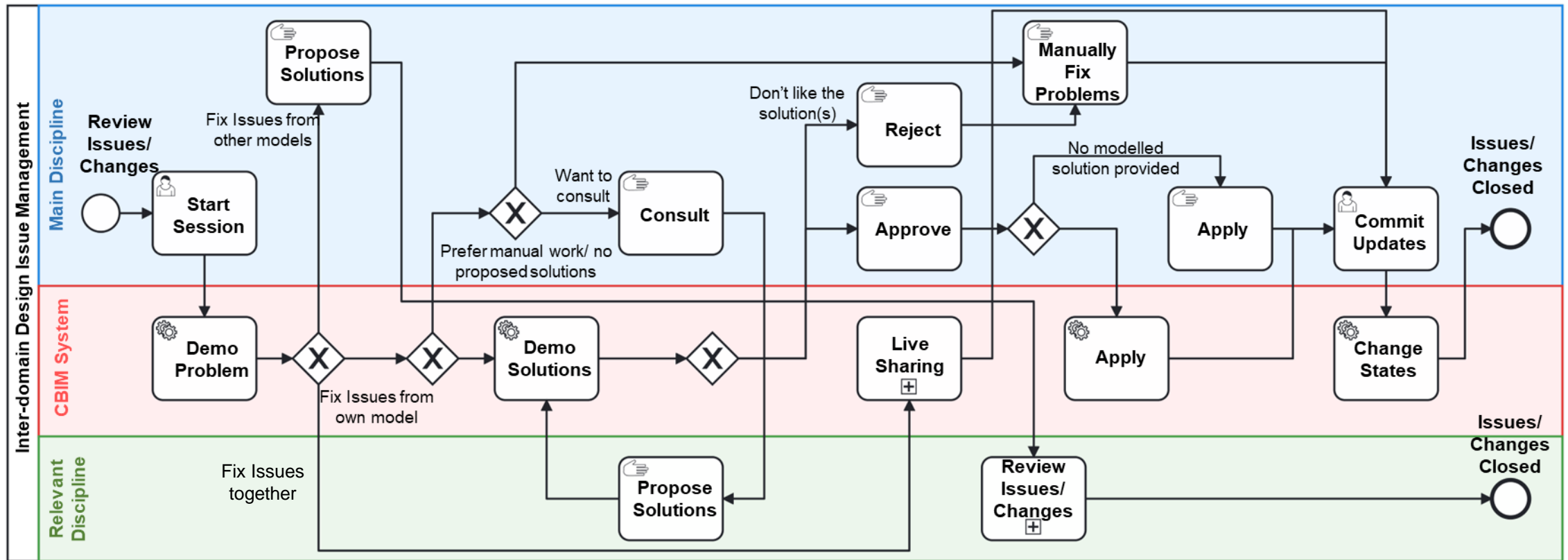
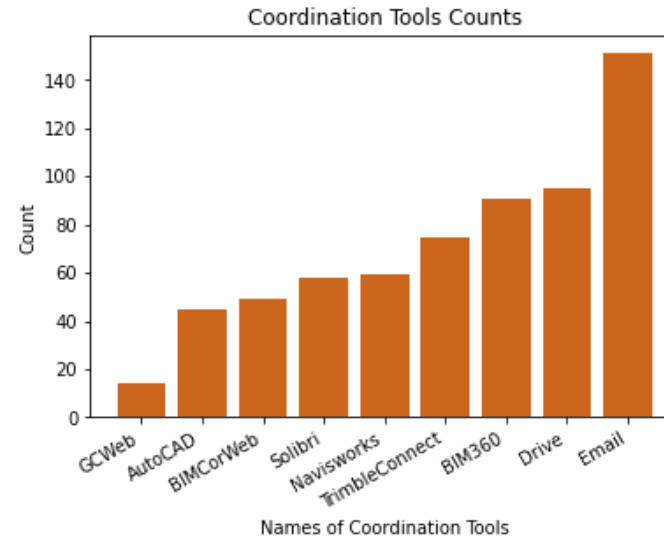
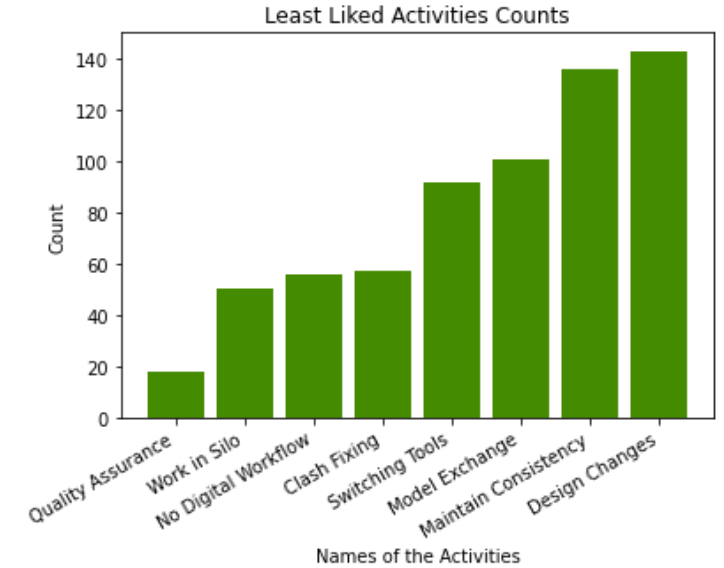
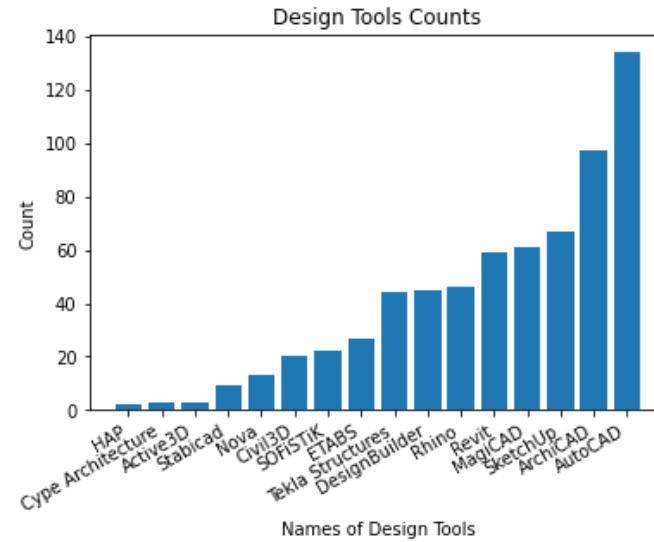
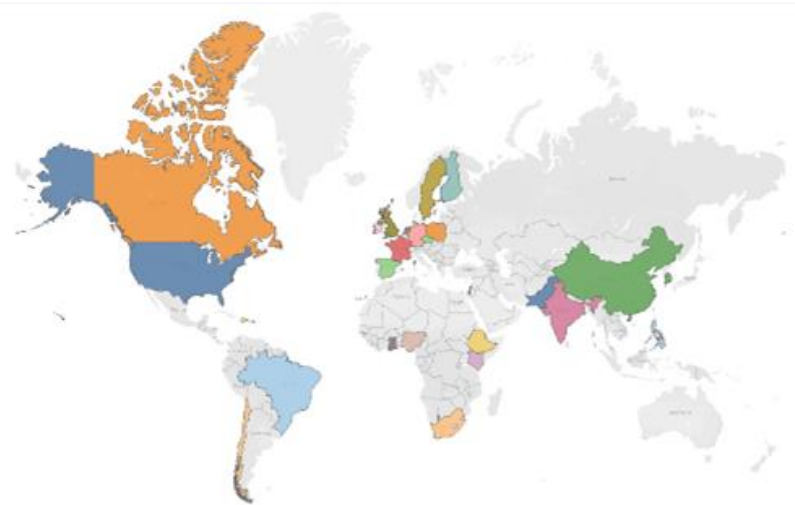


Fig 5. Inter-domain Issue Management BPMN Workflow

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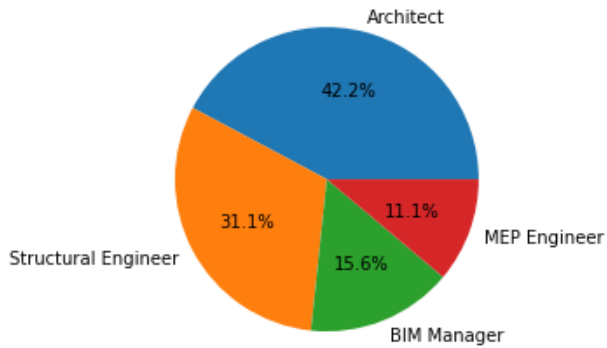


Survey Analysis

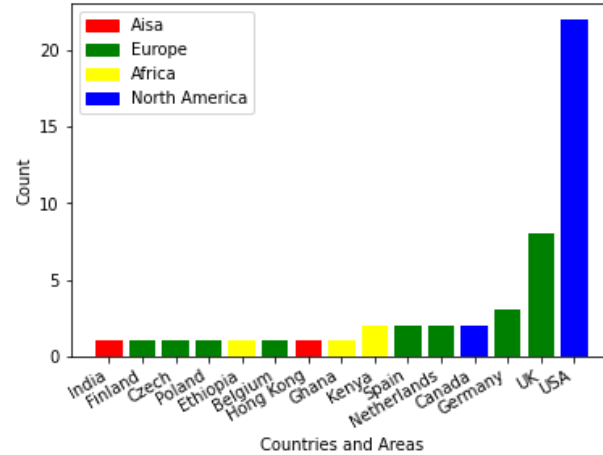
- 2D CAD still dominates in the detailed design phase
- Email and Drive are the most common tool for communication
- Design change and maintain consistency are the biggest headache in detail design collaboration

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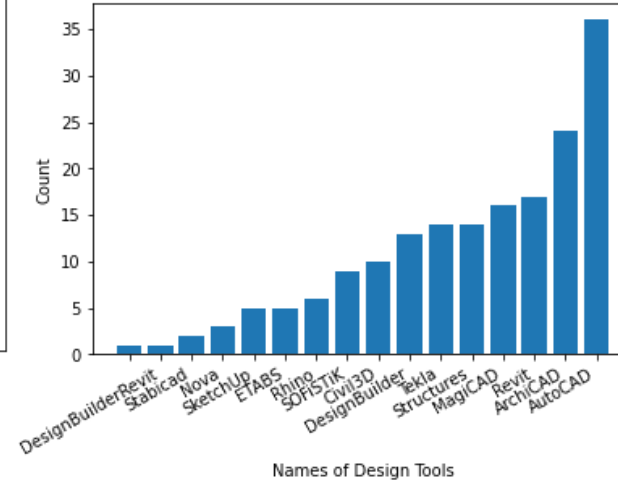
Distribution of Distribution



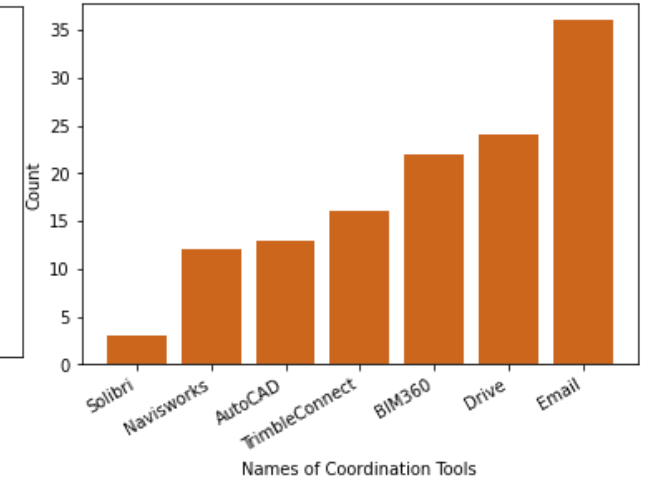
Distribution of Projects



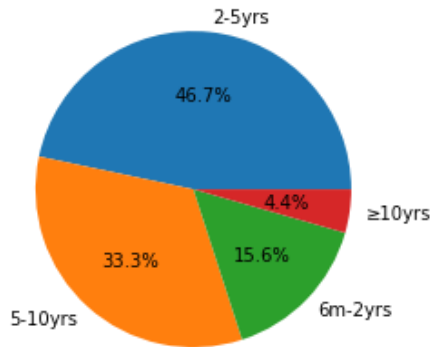
Design Tools Counts



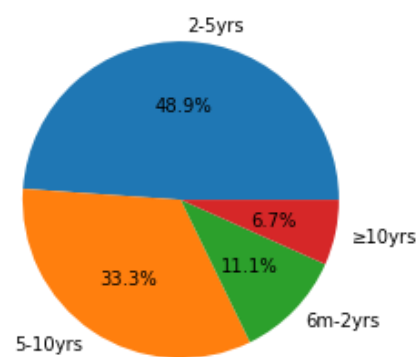
Coordination Tools Counts



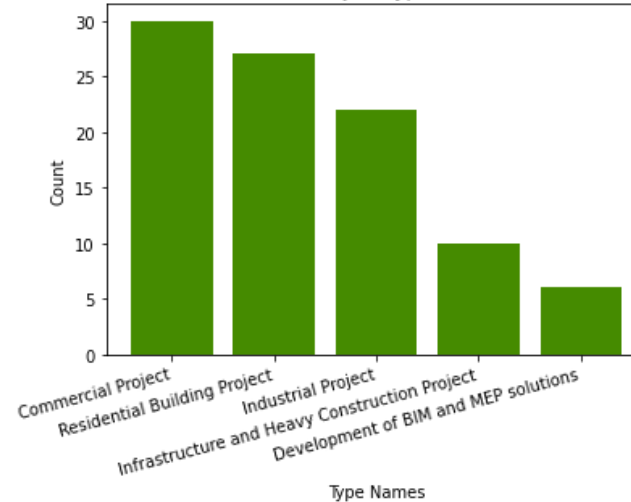
Design Experience Distribution



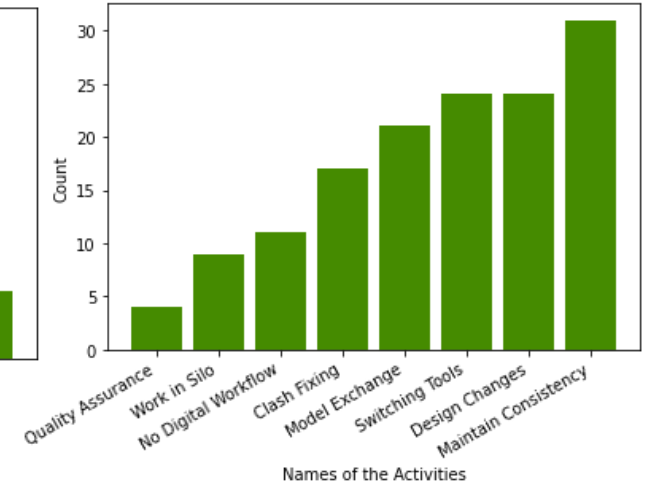
BIM Experience Distribution



Project Types

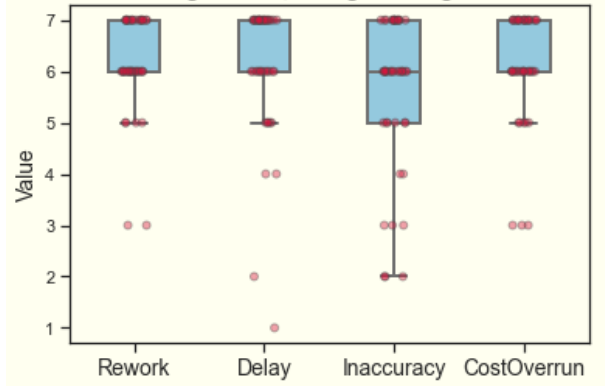


Least Liked Activities Counts

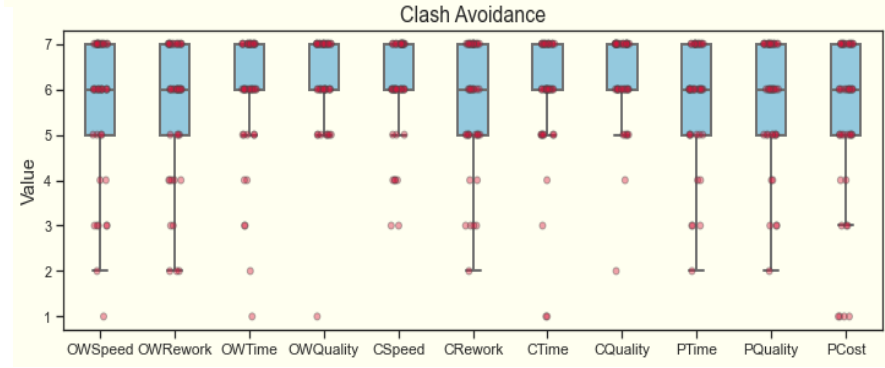
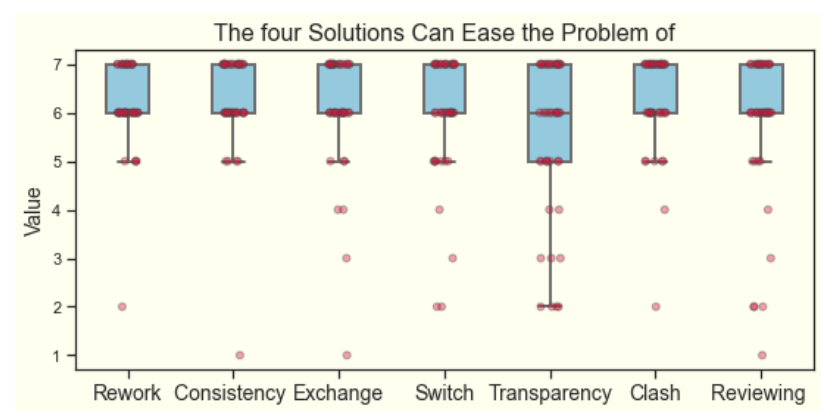
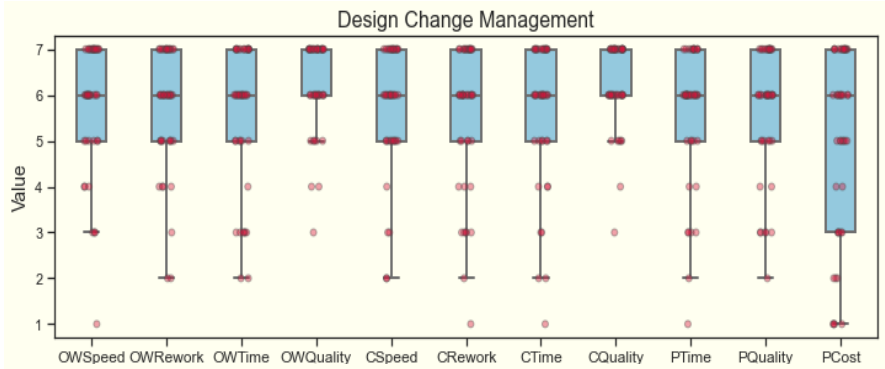
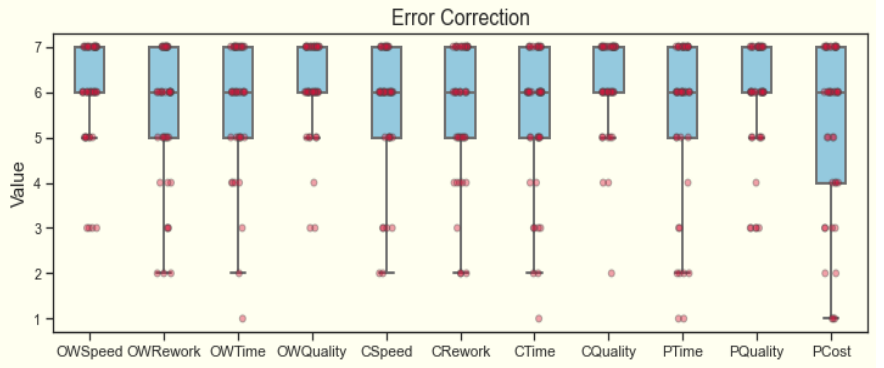
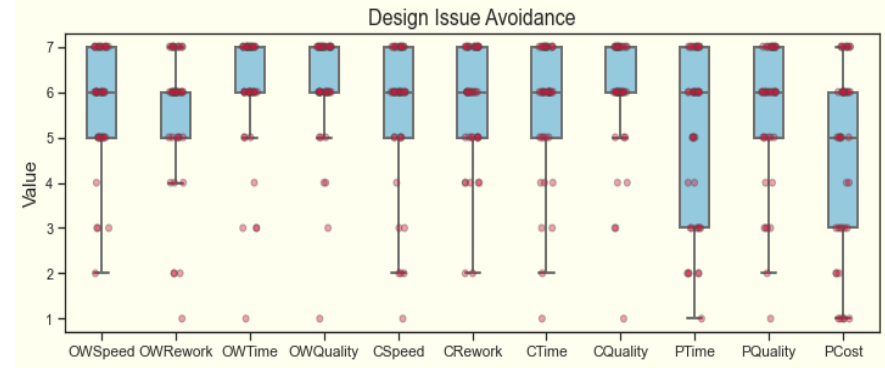
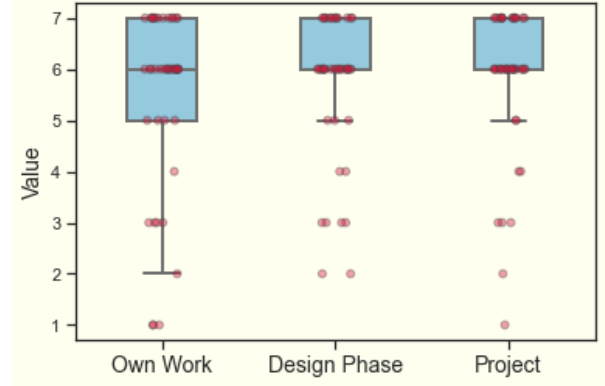


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If Not Managed Well, Design Change Can Cause



Importance to Improve Collaboration in Terms of



Focus group summary

- the biggest headache in detail design collaboration
- The proposed paradigm is well accepted (overall satisfaction achieves 82.51%) for facilitating managing the inter-domain design issues by demonstrating four scenarios and corresponding solutions to nine focus groups with 49 participants.

Current Status & Final Steps

Timeline	March	April				May				June				July	Aug.	Sept.
	Week 4	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	W1	W2	W3	W4	W1	W2	W3	W4			
1st paper	Refine paper with Rafael	Send to others for Review		Publish												
Experiment	Schedule and organise	Experiment														
Secondments	Contact					Loclab							Israel			
2nd paper				Write paper							Review		Publish			
Dissertation														Consolidate and write		

Challenges

To get right people on board for experiment on time

Contribution & Limitations

Contribution to knowledge:

- Described the core functions of a Cloud-based BIM design system for inter-domain design concurrent collaboration
- Developed a UML use case diagram for CBIM system
- Created a BPMN workflow for inter-domain issue management use case
- Envisioned a set of use case scenarios and mockups
- Identified how CBIM system features affect user behavior during collaboration
- Determined necessary steps to develop CBIM for easier and gradual user acceptance
- Identified how these features impact collaborative pattern, particularly level of concurrency

Implication

- Interview feedback suggests CBIM has potential to facilitate concurrent design collaboration in AEC industry
- Human-centric approach to BIM system development can bring innovation to BIM design collaboration



Contribution & Limitations

Limitations

- Larger sample size, representation from different countries, and even distribution levels of adoption would provide better representation
- Discrepancies between reported and actual behavior may exist without direct observation

Future work

- Conduct experiments to create immersive environment to observe how people interact with different factors embedded in CBIM paradigm
- Examine technology and business aspects to determine how to bring CBIM system to reality.



Thank you!

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